etc. are not implemented in piecemeal and in isolation. For instance, IRDP is implemented by proper dovetailing with the programmes of other line departments like Animal Husbandry, Dairy Development, Poultry, Handicrafts, etc. Similarly, under JRY, funds are utilized to construct irrigation works, housing for the poor, roads, school buildings, afforestation, dispensaries, etc. Other departmental programmes can be dovetailed into JRY funds for development of rural areas. Thus, constant efforts are made for improved and better coordination with other programmes in the rural sector.

(b) and (c) Does not arise.

Development of Women and Children in Rural Areas of Orissa

516. SHRI SANTOSH KUMAR SAHU : Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) the nature of programme under Development of Women and Children in Rural Areas of Orissa being implemented in the country with or without UNICEF assistance and number of Districts being covered under the scheme;

(b) the names of Districts in Orissa where the scheme and activities are being undertaken or proposed to be undertaken with achievements so far ; and

(c) what is the total contribution each by the Central Government and State Government and the UNICEF during the last two years for such projects in Orissa ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (DEPARTMENT OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT) (SHRI UTTAMBHAI PATEL) : (a) The objective of Development of Women and Children in Rural Areas (DWCRA) scheme is to focus attention on rural women below poverty line by providing them self-employment on a sustained basis. Each DWCRA group is given a one-time revolving grant of Rs. 15,000 for infrastructure, purchase of raw materials, marketing, child care etc. The amount of revolving fund is contributed in equal shares by the Government of India, the State Government and the UNICEF. The DWCRA programme is now in operation in 8 districts of Orissa.

(b) The names of districts in Orissa where the scheme and activities are being undertaken upto 1992-93 are Kalahandi, Bolangir, Dhenkanal, Sambalpur, Sundergarh, Koraput, Cuttack and Phulbani. It is also proposed to cover two districts for implementation under DWCRA during 1993-94. From 1985-86 till 1992-93, 3158 number of groups have been formed.

(c) The funds required for this scheme are contributed by the Central Government, State Government and UNICEF equally (1/3 share each). The funds released as a share of Central Government and UNICEF together are as follows :

1991-92 — 60.99 lakh

1992-93 — 48.96 lakh.

All Weather Roads/Primary Schools to Villages

517. DR. YELAMANCHILI SIVAJI : Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state what is the percentage of villages in the country which are connected with all weather roads and have primary schools and medical centres ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (DEPARTMENT OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT) (SHRI UTTAMBHAI PATEL) : As per information available, about 84.75 per cent villages with population of 1000 and above were connected with all weather roads under Minimum Needs Programme by the end of 1991-92. 80.38 per cent Rural Habitations have primary schools within the habitation. Family welfare and health